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RESILIENCE AND INNOVATION: UNVEILING THE MARKET EVOLUTION OF AYURVEDA IN RESPONSE TO COVID-19 CHALLENGES

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ABSTRACT

In the face of the unparalleled challenges brought forth by the COVID-19 pandemic, industries across the globe have been compelled to adapt rapidly to the evolving landscape. Among these, the Ayurveda sector has emerged as a beacon of resilience and innovation, showcasing remarkable flexibility in response to the crisis. This paper delves into the market evolution of Ayurveda, a traditional system of medicine rooted in ancient Indian wisdom, amidst the backdrop of the COVID-19 challenges. Through an exploration of shifting consumer behaviors, market trends, and industry responses, this study aims to unveil the dynamic resilience and innovative strategies adopted by the Ayurveda sector to navigate through the uncertainties and emerge stronger in the face of adversity. As the world grapples with the ramifications of the pandemic, the story of Ayurveda's market evolution serves as a compelling narrative of resilience, adaptability, and forward-thinking in times of crisis.

Keywords: Ayurvedic, Chyawanprash, Ashwagandha, Giloy.

1. INTRODUCTION

In the wake of the unprecedented challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, industries worldwide have faced significant disruptions, prompting the need for resilience and innovation to navigate through uncertain times. This paper explores the market evolution of Ayurveda, a traditional system of medicine, in response to the challenges presented by the pandemic. Through a comprehensive analysis of market trends, consumer behavior shifts, and industry responses, this study unveils the resilience and innovation demonstrated by the Ayurveda sector in adapting to the new normal. The COVID-19 pandemic has underscored the importance of holistic healthcare approaches, leading to a resurgence of interest in traditional healing practices such as Ayurveda. With its emphasis on preventive care, immunity-boosting remedies, and natural therapies, Ayurveda has emerged as a preferred choice for individuals seeking

alternatives to conventional medicine during these uncertain times. The demand for Ayurvedic products, including herbal supplements, immunity boosters, and herbal remedies, has surged in response to growing health concerns and the need for holistic wellness solutions. Innovative approaches to marketing, distribution, and product development have played a crucial role in driving the market evolution of Ayurveda amidst the COVID-19 crisis. Ayurvedic companies have embraced digital platforms, e-commercechannels, and direct-to-consumer marketing strategies to reach a wider audience and meet evolving consumer needs. Additionally, collaborations between traditional Ayurvedic practitioners and modern healthcare professionals have led to the integration of Ayurveda into mainstream healthcare systems, further expanding its reach and influence. Furthermore, the pandemic has catalyzed research anddevelopment efforts in the Ayurveda sector, leading to the discovery of new formulations, standardized products, and evidence-based practices. This emphasis on innovation and scientific validation has enhanced the credibility and acceptance of Ayurveda as a viable healthcare option in the modern world.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

The COVID-19 pandemic has not only posed significant challenges to healthcare systems worldwide but has also brought about shifts in consumer behavior and market dynamics. In response to the pandemic, industries, including traditional systems of medicine like Ayurveda, have undergone notable transformations. This literature review aims to explore the evolving market trends, consumer preferences, and regulatory changes in the Ayurvedic industry amidst COVID-19 challenges.

Evolution of Ayurvedic Market Trends: Several studies have highlighted the evolving market trends in the Ayurvedic industry in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. For instance, Gupta et al. (2020) observed a surge in demand for immunity-boosting Ayurvedic products such as Chyawanprash and herbal supplements containing ingredients like Ashwagandha and Tulsi. Similarly, Sharma and Dixit (2021) noted increased interest in Ayurvedic personal care products, including herbal skincare and hair careformulations, as consumers prioritize natural and holistic wellness solutions.

Consumer Preferences and Behavior: Research on consumer preferences and behavior during the pandemic has provided insights into the changing landscape of the Ayurvedic market. Singh and Singh (2020) conducted a consumer survey



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and found that trust in Ayurvedic remedies has strengthened, with consumers seeking alternative healthcare options amidst the health crisis. Moreover, a study by Verma and Gupta (2021) highlighted the importance of transparency and authenticity in Ayurvedic products, with

consumers expressing a preference for products with standardized formulations and third-party certifications.

Regulatory Changes and Quality Assurance: The regulatory landscape governing Ayurvedic products has also undergone significant changes in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Regulatory authorities have introduced guidelines and protocols to ensure the safety, quality, and efficacy of Ayurvedic products. Kumar et al. (2020) emphasized the need for strict adherence to Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and quality control measures to maintain consumer trust and confidence in Ayurvedic products. Additionally, regulatory bodies have focused on enforcing labeling requirements and combating the spread of misinformation to protect public health.

Resilience and Innovation in the Ayurvedic Industry: The Ayurvedic industry has demonstrated resilience and innovation in navigating through the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. Studies have highlighted the role of Ayurvedic businesses in embracing digital technologies, expanding online distribution channels, and diversifying product offerings to adapt to changing market dynamics (Gupta & Kumar, 2021). Moreover, innovation in product development, formulation techniques, and research initiatives has led to the introduction of new and improved Ayurvedic products that resonate with modernconsumers (Sharma et al., 2020).

1. Impact of COVID-19 on Ayurveda

Increased Demand for Immunity-Boosting Products: With the heightened focus on health and immunity during the pandemic, there has been a surge in demand for Ayurvedic products known for their immune-boosting properties. Herbal supplements, such as Chyawanprash, Ashwagandha, and Giloy, have seen increased sales as people seek natural ways to enhance their immune system and protect themselves against viral infections.

Rising Interest in Preventive Healthcare: The pandemic has prompted a shift towards preventive healthcare, with more people turning to Ayurveda for holistic wellness solutions. Ayurvedic principles emphasize the importance of maintaining balance and harmony in the body to prevent diseases. As a result, there has been growing interest in Ayurvedic practices such as diet, lifestyle modifications, and herbal remedies to support overall well-being and resilience against infections.

Challenges in Supply Chain Disruptions: The Ayurveda industry has faced challenges due to disruptions in the global supply chain caused by lockdowns, restrictions on transportation, and shortages of raw

materials. Many Ayurvedic companies rely on sourcing herbs and ingredients from different regions, and disruptions in the supply chain have led to delays in production and increased costs.

Shift to Online Platforms: With restrictions on movement and social distancing measures in place, there has been a significant shift towards online channels for purchasing Ayurvedic products. Ayurvedic companies have adapted by strengthening their online presence, expanding e-commerce platforms, and offering home delivery services to reach customers directly.

Regulatory Changes and Quality Assurance: The pandemic has prompted regulatory changes and increased scrutiny on the quality and safety of Ayurvedic products. Regulatory authorities have issued guidelines for manufacturing and labeling of Ayurvedic products to ensure compliance with safetystandards and quality assurance practices. Ayurvedic companies have responded by implementing stringent quality control measures and adhering to regulatory requirements to maintain consumertrust and confidence.

2. Resilience in Ayurveda

Time-Tested Tradition: Ayurveda is an ancient system of medicine with a rich history spanning thousandsof years. Its resilience lies in its time-tested principles, which emphasize holistic health, balance, and harmony. Ayurvedic practices have endured through centuries of societal and environmental changes, demonstrating their adaptability and relevance in diverse contexts.

Emphasis on Prevention and Wellness: Central to Ayurveda is the principle of preventive healthcare, focusing on maintaining balance and harmony within the body to prevent diseases. Ayurvedic lifestyle practices, such as proper diet, exercise, stress management, and herbal remedies, promote resilience by strengthening the body's natural defense mechanisms and supporting overall well-being.

Natural Healing Therapies: Ayurveda offers a wide range of natural healing therapies, including herbal medicine, massage, detoxification procedures, and yoga. These therapies work synergistically to enhanceresilience by addressing the root causes of health imbalances and promoting self-healing mechanisms within the body.

Individualized Treatment Approach: Ayurveda recognizes the unique constitution of each individual and tailors treatment plans accordingly. By considering factors such as body type (dosha), age, gender,



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lifestyle, and environmental influences, Ayurvedic practitioners personalize treatments to optimize resilience and restore balance at the physical, mental, and emotional levels.

Integration of Modern Science and Technology: While rooted in tradition, Ayurveda is not static and continues to evolve in response to scientific advancements and changing healthcare needs. Ayurvedic businesses and practitioners embrace modern science and technology to enhance diagnosis, treatment, and product development, thereby increasing the resilience of the Ayurveda industry in a rapidly changinghealthcare landscape.

Community and Cultural Resilience: Ayurveda is deeply intertwined with the culture, traditions, and community practices of India and other regions where it is practiced. Community support networks, traditional healing rituals, and cultural heritage play a vital role in fostering resilience and preserving Ayurvedic knowledge and practices for future generations.

3. Innovation in Ayurveda

Research and Development: Innovation in Ayurveda involves scientific research and development aimed at validating traditional practices, identifying new therapeutic compounds, and enhancing the efficacy of Ayurvedic treatments. Researchers explore the pharmacological properties of medicinal herbs, study theirmechanisms of action, and conduct clinical trials to evaluate their safety and effectiveness in treating various health conditions.

Standardization and Quality Assurance: Innovation in Ayurveda includes efforts to standardize manufacturing processes, quality control measures, and product formulations to ensure consistency, safety, and efficacy. Standardization helps maintain the integrity of Ayurvedic products and improves consumer confidence by adhering to established quality standards and regulatory requirements.

Integration of Modern Technologies: Ayurvedic businesses are embracing modern technologies such as biotechnology, nanotechnology, and artificial intelligence to enhance diagnosis, treatment, and product development. Innovations such as advanced analytical techniques, bioinformatics, and digital health platforms are being utilized to optimize Ayurvedic formulations, improve drug delivery systems, and personalize treatment approaches.

Product Diversification: Innovation in Ayurveda involves diversifying product offerings to meet the evolving needs and preferences of consumers. Ayurvedic companies are developing new formulations, dosage forms, and delivery systems to expand their product portfolios and target specific health

conditions. This includes the development of novel herbal supplements, dietary supplements, and functional foods tailored to address modern health challenges.

Globalization and Market Expansion: Innovation in Ayurveda encompasses efforts to globalize Ayurvedic healthcare and expand its market reach beyond traditional markets. Ayurvedic businesses are exploring international collaborations, partnerships, and distribution channels to promote Ayurvedic products and services worldwide. This includes adapting Ayurvedic therapies to suit the preferences and cultural contexts of diverse populations and integrating Ayurveda into mainstream healthcare systems.

Education and Training: Innovation in Ayurveda involves modernizing education and training programs to equip practitioners with the knowledge, skills, and competencies needed to practice Ayurvedic medicine effectively in contemporary settings. Integrating evidence-based medicine, clinical research, and interdisciplinary training into Ayurvedic education helps prepare practitioners to meet the evolving healthcare needs of patients and communities.

Sustainable Practices: Innovation in Ayurveda includes initiatives to promote environmental sustainability, ethical sourcing, and biodiversity conservation. Ayurvedic businesses are adopting sustainable farming practices, organic cultivation methods, and fair trade principles to ensure the long- term viability of medicinal herbs and preserve natural ecosystems. This includes promoting agroforestry, community-based conservation initiatives, and ethical sourcing partnerships with local farmers and indigenous communities.

a. Market Evolution of Ayurveda

Evolving Market Trends: The Ayurvedic industry has experienced shifting market trends driven by changing consumer attitudes towards health and wellness. There is a growing demand for natural and holistic healthcare solutions, with consumers increasingly turning to Ayurveda for preventive care, immunity-boosting products, and personalized wellness offerings. Additionally, there has been a rising interest in Ayurvedic beauty and personal care products, herbal supplements, and functional foods tailored to meet specific health needs.

Consumer Preferences: Consumer preferences in the Ayurvedic market have been influenced by factors such as increased health consciousness, environmental sustainability, and ethical sourcing practices. Consumers are seeking transparency, authenticity, and quality assurance in Ayurvedic products, leading to greater emphasis on standardized formulations, third-party certifications, and traceability of ingredients. Moreover, there is a growing demand for personalized health solutions and customization options that cater to individual preferences and lifestyle choices.



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Regulatory Changes: Regulatory changes have played a significant role in shaping the Ayurvedic market landscape, with governments enacting policies and guidelines to regulate the manufacturing, labeling, and marketing of Ayurvedic products. Regulatory bodies are increasingly focused on ensuring product safety, quality control, and compliance with established standards and norms. This has led to greater accountability and transparency within the Ayurvedic industry, with companies adapting to regulatory requirements to maintain consumer trust and confidence.

Resilience and Innovation: The resilience and innovation demonstrated by Ayurvedic businesses have been instrumental in shaping the market evolution of Ayurveda amidst COVID-19 challenges. Ayurvedic companies have adapted to changing market dynamics by embracing digital technologies, expanding online distribution channels, and diversifying product offerings to meet emerging consumer needs. Moreover, innovation in product development, formulation techniques, and research initiatives has led to the introduction of new and improved Ayurvedic products that resonate with modern consumers.

Market Expansion and Globalization: The Ayurvedic market has witnessed expansion and globalization, with Ayurvedic products gaining popularity not only in traditional markets but also in international markets. Ayurvedic businesses are tapping into global demand for natural and organic products, leveraging export opportunities, and forging partnerships with international distributors and retailers to promote Ayurvedic products worldwide. This globalization trend is expected to continue, driven by increasing awareness of Ayurveda's health benefits and growing interest in traditional healing practices globally.

3. FUTURE OUTLOOK

Growth and Globalization: The Ayurvedic industry is poised for continued growth and globalization in thepost-pandemic era. Increasing awareness of Ayurveda's holistic health benefits, coupled with rising demand for natural and sustainable healthcare solutions, will drive market expansion both domestically and internationally. Ayurvedic businesses should capitalize on export opportunities, forge strategic partnerships, and invest in marketing initiatives to tap into global markets

Innovation and Product Development: Innovation will be key to sustaining growth and competitiveness in the Ayurvedic market. Ayurvedic companies should focus on research and development to create new and improved products that address emerging health concerns, cater to specific consumer demographics,

and differentiate themselves in the market. Investing in innovation-driven initiatives such as novel formulations, advanced manufacturing technologies, and evidence-based research will enhance the credibility and efficacy of Ayurvedic products.

Digital Transformation and E-commerce: The COVID-19 pandemic has accelerated the shift towards digital platforms and e-commerce channels for purchasing healthcare products, including Ayurvedic products. Ayurvedic businesses should embrace digital transformation, enhance their online presence, and leverage technology to engage with consumers, streamline distribution channels, and improve customer experience. Investing in e-commerce infrastructure, digital marketing strategies, and online education platforms will enable Ayurvedic businesses to reach a wider audience and drive sales growth in the digitalera.

Regulatory Harmonization and Quality Assurance: Policymakers should focus on harmonizing regulatory standards and improving quality assurance measures to ensure the safety, efficacy, and authenticity of Ayurvedic products. Strengthening regulatory oversight, enforcing compliance with quality standards, and promoting transparency in labeling and marketing practices will enhance consumer confidence and trust in Ayurvedic products. Collaborative efforts between regulatory authorities, industry stakeholders, and research institutions are essential to establish a robust regulatory framework that supports the growth and integrity of the Ayurvedic industry.

Capacity Building and Education: Practitioners and healthcare professionals should prioritize capacity building and education to enhance clinical skills, evidence-based practice, and integrative healthcare approaches. Continuous professional development programs, interdisciplinary training opportunities, and research collaborations will equip practitioners with the knowledge and competencies needed to deliverhigh-quality Ayurvedic healthcare services in diverse healthcare settings. Promoting interdisciplinary collaboration between Ayurvedic practitioners, conventional healthcare providers, and allied healthcare professionals will facilitate the integration of Ayurveda into mainstream healthcare systems and improvepatient outcomes.

Sustainable Practices and Environmental Stewardship: Businesses should prioritize sustainable practices, ethical sourcing, and environmental stewardship to mitigate the ecological impact of Ayurvedic manufacturing and cultivation activities. Adopting eco-friendly production methods, supporting organic farming initiatives, and promoting biodiversity conservation will ensure the long-term sustainability of medicinal plants and natural resources used in Ayurvedic formulations. Collaboration with local



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communities, indigenous tribes, and environmental organizations will foster responsible stewardship of natural ecosystems and contribute to the preservation of biodiversity.

4. CONCLUSION

Resilience and Innovation as Catalysts: The Ayurvedic industry has demonstrated remarkable resilience and innovation in responding to the COVID-19 challenges. Ayurvedic businesses have adapted to changing market dynamics by embracing digital technologies, diversifying product offerings, and enhancing qualityassurance measures. Innovation in product development, formulation techniques, and research initiativeshas led to the introduction of new and improved Ayurvedic products that resonate with modern consumers.

Market Evolution and Consumer Preferences: The evolving market trends and consumer preferences in the Ayurvedic industry reflect a growing demand for natural and holistic healthcare solutions. Consumersare increasingly turning to Ayurveda for preventive care, immunity-boosting products, and personalized wellness offerings. The pandemic has accelerated the adoption of Ayurvedic practices and products, driving market expansion both domestically and internationally.

Regulatory Changes and Quality Assurance: Regulatory changes have played a significant role in shaping the Ayurvedic market landscape, with governments enacting policies and guidelines to ensure product safety, quality control, and compliance with established standards. Strengthening regulatory oversight and promoting transparency in labeling and marketing practices are essential to maintain consumer trustand confidence in Ayurvedic products.

Future Research Directions: Moving forward, future research in the field of Ayurveda should focus on several areas. Firstly, there is a need for more rigorous scientific research to validate the efficacy and safety of Ayurvedic treatments and formulations. Secondly, research should explore the integration of Ayurveda into mainstream healthcare systems and the role of Ayurvedic practices in promoting population health and well-being. Additionally, there is a need for studies that examine the socio- economic impact of the Ayurvedic industry on local communities, as well as initiatives to promote sustainable practices and environmental stewardship.

In conclusion, resilience and innovation have played a pivotal role in driving the market evolution of Ayurveda amidst COVID-19 challenges. By embracing these principles and investing in research, education, and sustainable practices, the Ayurvedic industry can continue to thrive and make meaningfulcontributions to global health and well-being in the post-pandemic era.

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