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STANDARDIZING LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MATHEMATICAL MODELING: METHODS AND CHALLENGES

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ABSTRACT

In recent years, there has been a growing emphasis on the standardization of learning outcomes in mathematics education, driven by the need to ensure consistency and quality across diverse educational contexts. However, the process of standardization has sparked considerable debate regarding its advantages and limitations. This paper presents a critical analysis of recent curriculum documents and literature pertinent to the evaluation of learning outcomes in mathematics. The focus is on understanding how standardization impacts both the didactical and pedagogical approaches to teaching mathematics. The integration of social and pedagogical dimensions into mathematics education has become increasingly recognized as vital for fostering student success. Recent literature underscores the importance of addressing these dimensions, suggesting that effective learning outcomes should encompass all facets of the mathematics curriculum. Despite this, current national curriculum documents primarily emphasize educational outcomes related to mathematics content, often overlooking the pedagogical aspects of teaching and learning.

This paper argues that the neglect of pedagogical dimensions within the framework of standardization has significant negative implications. The contradiction between standardized assessments and pedagogical evaluations of learning outcomes presents a challenge that needs to be addressed. To achieve a more holistic validation of learning outcomes, it is essential to incorporate not only pedagogical and psychological dimensions but also emotional and affective components of the learning process.

In light of these concerns, the paper proposes guidelines for enhancing learning outcomes by integrating students' abilities, needs, work habits, attitudes, and beliefs. The aim is to establish clear objectives, effective goal-setting methods, and robust assessment practices that align with both the content and the pedagogical goals of the curriculum. Through this approach, the paper seeks to offer a comprehensive framework for improving the standardization of learning outcomes in mathematics education.

Keywords: learning outcomes, Mathematical Modeling, Methods and Challenges.

1. INTRODUCTION

The National Curriculum Framework (NCF) [MZOS, 2010] marks a significant shift in educational practice by transitioning to a system centered on competence and student achievements, rather than traditional learning and educational goals. This framework introduces the concept of "educational standards" as a means of setting new goals in teaching and learning processes, emphasizing measurable competences in various subject areas, including mathematics (Bašić, 2007).

These standards are intended to encompass a broad set of knowledge, skills, abilities, and values, each accompanied by specific indicators of acquisition (Vican, Bognar, Previšić, 2007). In the context of mathematics education, standardization aims to ensure that students attain learning goals related to logical thinking, reasoning, and the ability to provide mathematical arguments in practical scenarios. However, an analysis of the curriculum proposed by the expert group reveals a discrepancy: while the educational goals are set ambitiously in theoretical domains, they appear underemphasized in practical applications within the mathematics curriculum. Specifically, the NCF (MZOS, 2010) and the Mathematics Curriculum (proposed by the working group in 2016) indicate that educational goals in mathematics are outlined only in a singular goal and are not comprehensively listed among the learning and educational outcomes across various cycles and domains of mathematics. Moreover, the current curriculum exhibits a notable absence of values and other educational aspects of competences that are emphasized in recent discussions on mathematics teaching. The standards delineated by the curriculum are framed according to achievement levels expected by the end of each academic year. However, these standards often fail to align with motivational aspects of teaching, the need for individualized instruction, and the diverse challenges faced by students. The overarching concept of modern teaching, which prioritizes student individuality and their unique characteristics, is not adequately reflected in the curriculum's operational plans and programs. In light of these concerns, there remains a critical need to reassess and potentially revise the content and application of educational programs to better address the evolving needs of students. This paper seeks to explore these issues and provide insights into enhancing the alignment between educational standards and pedagogical practices in mathematics education.



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2. EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS IN MATHEMATICS

Mathematics serves as a fundamental science and thought process, essential for both academic inquiry and practical daily activities. In the classroom, it is crucial to cultivate a broad range of skills and abilities, and to highlight the practical applications of mathematics. The scope of mathematical knowledge and skills extends beyond theoretical study, impacting various aspects of life and learning.

According to the National Curriculum Framework (2010), specific expectations for student achievements in mathematics are outlined. These expectations are detailed by educational cycles and subject structures, aiming to guide both teaching and learning processes effectively.

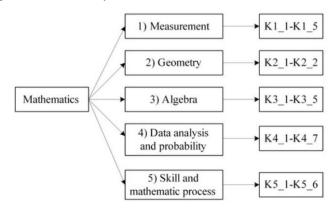


Figure 1: Educational standards in mathematics

Mathematics Curriculum Framework and Teaching Standards

1. Framework and Goals:

- The NCF (2010) sets the groundwork for developing school and subject curricula by defining expected student achievements and educational goals.
- o Key curriculum goals in mathematics include acquiring fundamental knowledge, developing logical and spatial thinking, solving problems in various contexts, recognizing the historical and societal significance of mathematics, effectively communicating mathematical ideas, applying technology, and laying a foundation for lifelong learning.

2. Educational Standards and Learning Outcomes:

- Educational standards act as both criteria and objectives for measuring the quality and efficiency of the learning and teaching process.
- These standards help in setting clear learning outcomes, which guide teachers in planning and managing the
 educational process. The goals are classified into general and specific categories, focusing on changes in students'
 knowledge, skills, values, attitudes, and habits.

3. Challenges in Teaching Mathematics:

- A major challenge is determining the appropriate content and achievement level standards that reflect cumulative knowledge development in mathematics.
- Standards should not only align with school criteria and educational orientations but also with the applicability of mathematical competencies that students need to acquire.

4. Curriculum Reform and Achievement Levels:

- Recent curriculum reforms have refined the general goals and standards for student achievements in mathematics, aiming to define minimum criteria for passing grades and intermediate standards necessary for progressing to more advanced materials.
- O There is an emphasis on achieving operative knowledge, which involves the complete comprehension and application of mathematical concepts.

5. Addressing Learning Issues:

- Many students face difficulties early in their education, impacting their ability to acquire mathematical knowledge effectively.
- The quality of knowledge acquisition is categorized into levels such as remembering, recognition, reproduction, operative, and creative knowledge. Effective mathematics education requires a focus on achieving at least operative knowledge to ensure students can apply what they have learned.

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6. Improving Teaching Methods:

- The text raises the question of whether teaching plans and programs should be adjusted to improve the quality of foundational knowledge.
- There is also consideration of how teacher training and modernization of teaching methods can address the challenges and restrictions of current teaching plans.

3. BETWEEN NORMATIVE STANDARDS AND PEDAGOGICAL ASPECTS OF SCHOOL AND TEACHING

In the classroom, students frequently encounter stressful situations that can evoke a range of emotions, impacting their attitudes towards various subjects, including mathematics. The evaluation of student competence traditionally focuses on assessing acquired skills and knowledge based on defined educational outcomes. However, this approach often overlooks the affective dimensions of learning and teaching. Students struggling with mathematics often face challenges such as insufficient prior knowledge, negative attitudes, low motivation, and a tendency to underestimate their capabilities. These factors, compounded by adverse influences from both school and family environments, can lead to a deep-seated aversion to mathematics, manifesting as early as elementary school.

Pekrun (2006) introduced the concept of "academic emotions," which pertains to the emotional reactions closely tied to the educational process, including learning, teaching, and student achievements. This framework highlights how students' emotional responses towards mathematics—such as fear and anxiety—are integral to their overall educational experience. Despite this, the curriculum draft introduced by the expert group in 2016 states that assessment should aim to foster learning and student development through a comprehensive approach, promoting individual success and positive motivational patterns. This document outlines three key approaches to assessment: assessment for learning, assessment as learning, and assessment of learned content.

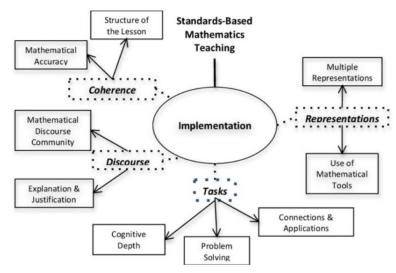


Figure 2: Standards-Based Mathematics Teaching Practices

However, there are notable contradictions within the curriculum draft. The document asserts that final grades are most effective when reflecting the acquisition of educational outcomes, rather than incorporating elements like cooperation, effort, or attendance. It further mentions that these additional aspects should be reported separately unless explicitly included in the educational outcomes for a given subject. This raises concerns about the alignment of final grades with the broader educational and motivational needs of students, questioning whether these measures adequately capture the full scope of student achievement and development.

The emphasis on pedagogical approaches in evaluation is evident in various curriculum documents. Yet, contradictions persist, particularly regarding the reduction of educational standards to a narrower focus on "student achievement standards." This shift seems to conflict with the fundamental tenet of contemporary education: the need for individualization over standardization (Herman, 2005 in Bašić, 2007). Effective teaching should consider each child's individuality, needs, and social context (Previšić, 1999). The curriculum draft's stance on final grades as the primary measure of educational success prompts a critical examination of whether this approach serves the educational system's needs or the students' developmental needs. In this paper, we will explore these contradictions and discuss the implications for educational practice, focusing on how to reconcile standardization with the need for individualized, pedagogically sound approaches to assessment in mathematics education.



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editor@ijprems.com 4. CONCLUSION

In contemporary education, schools bear the responsibility of nurturing all dimensions of a child's development—intellectual, physical, emotional, societal, and moral. To fulfill this responsibility effectively, schools must continuously evaluate and refine their methods, contents, and teaching programs to align with evolving social contexts and educational needs. The integration of educational values into learning goals is crucial, as these values underpin the realization of educational outcomes and contribute to the overall development of students.

The challenge of teaching mathematics has become increasingly pronounced, as evidenced by the growing number of students struggling with mathematical concepts, as reflected in international assessments such as PISA. To address these challenges, there is a pressing need to adopt a didactic approach to mathematics education that incorporates well-defined educational standards for assessment and evaluation. Such an approach should mandate that teachers embed a pedagogical framework in their assessment practices, ensuring that evaluations reflect not only academic achievement but also the holistic development of students.

Educational standards and assessments should be grounded in a scientific understanding of the theory and practice of teaching mathematics, considering the psychological and physical development of students at different age levels. Since many difficulties in mathematics education stem from emotional and affective factors, an interdisciplinary approach that integrates pedagogy, psychology, and other relevant fields is essential. This approach should be reflected in the curriculum documents resulting from comprehensive curriculum reforms.

However, current curriculum reforms often fail to establish a clear connection between educational standards and specific curriculum areas, which limits their effectiveness in validating learning outcomes. To truly support student growth, educational standards must serve not only as tools for comparison but also as mechanisms for fostering individual progress and addressing personal challenges.

In summary, for mathematics education to be effective and equitable, it is imperative to adopt a framework that integrates educational values with practical teaching methods. This framework should embrace an interdisciplinary perspective to address the emotional and affective dimensions of learning while ensuring that assessments support personal development and progress. By doing so, schools can better meet their educational responsibilities and contribute to the holistic growth of their students.

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